ANTIGRAVEL MS WHITE

Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878
Issue date: 3/2/2011 Revision date: 1/2/2023 Supersedes version of: 6/1/2017 Version: 4.00

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product form	:	Mixture
Name	:	Antigravel
Trade name	:	ANTIGRAVEL MS WHITE
Vaporizer	:	Aerosol

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

1.2.1. Relevant identified uses

Use of the substance/mixture : The product is intended for professional use

1.2.2. Uses advised against

No additional information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

NOVOL Sp. z o.o.
Żabikowska 7/9
62-052 KOMORNIKI
Poland
T 0048618109800 - F 0048618109809
www.novol.com
E-mail address of competent person responsible for the SDS : dokumentacja@novol.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : 112

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Aerosol, Category 1	H222;H229
Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2	H319
Skin sensitisation, Category 1	H317
Specific target organ toxicity – Single exposure, Category 3, Narcosis	H336
Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Chronic Hazard, Category 3	H412

Full text of H- and EUH-statements: see section 16

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

No additional information available

2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Hazard pictograms (CLP) :

GHS02 GHS07

Signal word (CLP)	:	Danger
Contains	:	propane; butane; butanone; ethyl methyl ketone
Hazard statements (CLP)	:	H222 - Extremely flammable aerosol. H229 - Pressurised container: May burst if heated. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

		H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements (CLP)	:	P102 - Keep out of reach of children. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P211 - Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P251 - Do not pierce or burn, even after use. P260 - Do not breathe vapours, spray. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection. P410+P412 - Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C, 122 °F.
EUH-statements	:	EUH211 - Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist. EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

2.3. Other hazards

Contains no PBT/vPvB substances ≥ 0.1% assessed in accordance with REACH Annex XIII

The mixture does not contain substance(s) included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 %

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
xylene substance with national workplace exposure limit(s) (GB); substance with a Community workplace exposure limit (Note C)	CAS-No.: 1330-20-7 EC-No.: 215-535-7 EC Index-No.: 601-022-00-9 REACH-no: 01-2119488216-32	< 10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315
butane (Propellant gas (Aerosol)) substance with national workplace exposure limit(s) (GB) (Note C)(Note U)	CAS-No.: 106-97-8 EC-No.: 203-448-7 EC Index-No.: 601-004-00-0 REACH-no: 01-2119474691-32	< 10	Flam. Gas 1, H220 Press. Gas (Comp.), H280
butanone; ethyl methyl ketone substance with national workplace exposure limit(s) (GB); substance with a Community workplace exposure limit	CAS-No.: 78-93-3 EC-No.: 201-159-0 EC Index-No.: 606-002-00-3 REACH-no: 01-2119457290-43	< 10	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	EC-No.: 927-510-4 REACH-no: 01-2119475515-33	< 10	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
n-butyl acetate substance with national workplace exposure limit(s) (GB); substance with a Community workplace exposure limit	CAS-No.: 123-86-4 EC-No.: 204-658-1 EC Index-No.: 607-025-00-1 REACH-no: 01-2119485493-29	< 5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	EC-No.: 918-668-5 REACH-no: 01-2119455851-35	< 5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane	EC-No.: 931-254-9 REACH-no: 01-2119484651-34	< 5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
rosin; colophony substance with national workplace exposure limit(s) (GB)	CAS-No.: 8050-09-7 EC-No.: 232-475-7 EC Index-No.: 650-015-00-7 REACH-no: 01-2119480418-32	< 5	Skin Sens. 1, H317
hydrocarbons, C7-C9, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	EC-No.: 920-750-0 REACH-no: 01-2119473851-33	< 5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
titanium dioxide; [in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm] substance with national workplace exposure limit(s) (GB) (Note V)(Note W)(Note 10)	CAS-No.: 13463-67-7 EC-No.: 236-675-5 EC Index-No.: 022-006-00-2 REACH-no: 01-2119489379-17	< 2.5	Carc. 2, H351

Note 10 - The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures in powder form containing 1 % or more of titanium dioxide which is in the form of or incorporated in particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm.
Note C - Some organic substances may be marketed either in a specific isomeric form or as a mixture of several isomers. In this case the supplier must state on the label whether the substance is a specific isomer or a mixture of isomers.
Note U - When put on the market gases have to be classified as ‘Gases under pressure’, in one of the groups compressed gas, liquefied gas, refrigerated liquefied gas or dissolved gas. The group depends on the physical state in which the gas is packaged and therefore has to be assigned case by case. The following codes are assigned:. Press. Gas (Comp.), Press. Gas (Liq.), Press. Gas (Ref. Liq.), Press. Gas (Diss.). Aerosols shall not be classified as gases under pressure (See Annex I, Part 2, Section 2.3.2.1, Note 2).
Note V - If the substance is to be placed on the market as fibres (with diameter < 3 µm, length > 5 µm and aspect ratio ≥ 3:1) or particles of the substance fulfilling the WHO fibre criteria or as particles with modified surface chemistry, their hazardous properties must be evaluated in accordance with Title II of this Regulation, to assess whether a higher category (Carc. 1B or 1A) and/or additional routes of exposure (oral or dermal) should be applied.
Note W - It has been observed that the carcinogenic hazard of this substance arises when respirable dust is inhaled in quantities leading to significant impairment of particle clearance mechanisms in the lung. This note aims to describe the particular toxicity of the substance; it does not constitute a criterion for classification according to this Regulation.
Product subject to CLP Article 1.1.3.7. The disclosure rules of the components is modified in this case.
Full text of H- and EUH-statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : General information. Refer to section 11.
First-aid measures after inhalation : If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

First-aid measures after skin contact : After contact with skin, take off immediately all contaminated clothing, and wash immediately with plenty of water and soap. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If skin irritation continues, consult a doctor.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a physician immediately. In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

First-aid measures after ingestion : If swallowed: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician immediately.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Prolonged or repeated contact may cause skin to become dry.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : May cause eye irritation.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Dry chemical, CO2, alcohol-resistant foam or waterspray.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire : Carbon monoxide. Other toxic gases.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protection during firefighting : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained breathing apparatus. Complete protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Remove ignition sources. Ensure that there is a suitable ventilation system. Avoid any direct or indirect contact with ingredients released. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Use personal protective equipment as required. See Section 8.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. See Section 8.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. Do not allow product to reach ground water, water bodies or sewage system, even in small quantities.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Cover spill with non combustible material, e.g.: sand, earth, vermiculite. Mechanically recover the product.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Disposal considerations. See Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Pressurized container. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear personal protective equipment.

Hygiene measures : Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures : Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Storage conditions : Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Keep away from ignition sources. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Keep out of reach of children.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No additional information available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

8.1.1 National occupational exposure and biological limit values

xylene (1330-20-7)	
EU - Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit (IOEL)	
Local name	Xylene, mixed isomers, pure
IOEL TWA [ppm]	50 ppm
IOEL STEL	442 mg/m³
IOEL STEL [ppm]	100 ppm
Remark	Skin
Regulatory reference	COMMISSION DIRECTIVE 2000/39/EC
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Xylene
WEL TWA (OEL TWA) [1]	220 mg/m³ o-,m-,p- or mixed isomers
WEL TWA (OEL TWA) [2]	50 ppm o-,m-,p- or mixed isomers
WEL STEL (OEL STEL)	441 mg/m³ o-,m-,p- or mixed isomers
WEL STEL (OEL STEL) [ppm]	100 ppm o-,m-,p- or mixed isomers
Remark	Sk (Can be absorbed through the skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity)
Regulatory reference	EH40/2005 (Fourth edition, 2020). HSE
United Kingdom - Biological limit values	
Local name	Xylene, o-, m-, p- or mixed isomers
BMGV	650 mmol/mol Creatinine Parameter: methyl hippuric acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: Post shift
Regulatory reference	EH40/2005 (Fourth edition, 2020). HSE

titanium dioxide; [in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm] (13463-67-7)	
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Titanium dioxide
WEL TWA (OEL TWA) [1]	4 mg/m³ respirable 10 mg/m³ total inhalable
Regulatory reference	EH40/2005 (Fourth edition, 2020). HSE

n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)	
EU - Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit (IOEL)	
Local name	n-Butyl acetate
IOEL TWA [ppm]	50 ppm
IOEL STEL	723 mg/m³
IOEL STEL [ppm]	150 ppm
Regulatory reference	COMMISSION DIRECTIVE (EU) 2019/1831
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Butyl acetate
WEL TWA (OEL TWA) [1]	724 mg/m³
WEL TWA (OEL TWA) [2]	150 ppm
WEL STEL (OEL STEL)	966 mg/m³
WEL STEL (OEL STEL) [ppm]	200 ppm
Regulatory reference	EH40/2005 (Fourth edition, 2020). HSE

butane (106-97-8)	
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Butane
WEL TWA (OEL TWA) [1]	1450 mg/m³
WEL TWA (OEL TWA) [2]	600 ppm
WEL STEL (OEL STEL)	1810 mg/m³
WEL STEL (OEL STEL) [ppm]	750 ppm
Remark	Carc (Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage, only applies if Butane contains more than 0.1% of buta-1,3-diene)
Regulatory reference	EH40/2005 (Fourth edition, 2020). HSE

butanone; ethyl methyl ketone (78-93-3)	
EU - Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit (IOEL)	
Local name	Butanone
IOEL TWA	600 mg/m³
IOEL TWA [ppm]	200 ppm
IOEL STEL	900 mg/m³
IOEL STEL [ppm]	300 ppm
Regulatory reference	COMMISSION DIRECTIVE 2000/39/EC
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Butan-2-one (methyl ethyl ketone)

butanone; ethyl methyl ketone (78-93-3)	
WEL TWA (OEL TWA) [1]	600 mg/m³
WEL TWA (OEL TWA) [2]	200 ppm
WEL STEL (OEL STEL)	899 mg/m³
WEL STEL (OEL STEL) [ppm]	300 ppm
Remark	Sk (Can be absorbed through the skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity)
Regulatory reference	EH40/2005 (Fourth edition, 2020). HSE
United Kingdom - Biological limit values	
Local name	Butan-2-one (methyl ethyl ketone)
BMGV	70 µmol/l Parameter: butan-2-one - Medium: urine - Sampling time: Post shift
Regulatory reference	EH40/2005 (Fourth edition, 2020). HSE

rosin; colophony (8050-09-7)	
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Rosin-based solder flux fume
WEL TWA (OEL TWA) [1]	0.05 mg/m³
WEL STEL (OEL STEL)	0.15 mg/m³
Remark	Sen (Capable of causing occupational asthma)
Regulatory reference	EH40/2005 (Fourth edition, 2020). HSE

8.1.2. Recommended monitoring procedures

Monitoring methods	
Monitoring methods	EN 482. Workplace exposure - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents.

8.1.3. Air contaminants formed

No additional information available

8.1.4. DNEL and PNEC

No additional information available

8.1.5. Control banding

No additional information available

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls:
Ensure good ventilation of the work station.

8.2.2. Personal protection equipment

Personal protective equipment symbol(s):

8.2.2.1. Eye and face protection

Eye protection:
Safety glasses

8.2.2.2. Skin protection

Skin and body protection:
Wear suitable protective clothing

Hand protection:
Protective gloves

Hand protection					
Type	**Material**	**Permeation**	**Thickness (mm)**	**Penetration**	**Standard**
Disposable gloves	Viton® II	6 (> 480 minutes)	0,7 mm		EN 374-3
Disposable gloves	Nitrile rubber (NBR)	2 (> 30 minutes)	0,4 mm		EN 374-3

8.2.2.3. Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection:
In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment

Respiratory protection			
Device	**Filter type**	**Condition**	**Standard**
Gas mask with filter type	Filter A1/B1		EN 14387

8.2.2.4. Thermal hazards

No additional information available

8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

Environmental exposure controls:
Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	:	Liquid
Colour	:	white.
Appearance	:	Aerosol.
Odour	:	characteristic.
Odour threshold	:	Not available
Melting point	:	Not applicable
Freezing point	:	Not available
Boiling point	:	Not applicable
Flammability	:	Not applicable
Explosive properties	:	No data available.
Explosive limits	:	Not available
Lower explosion limit	:	1.7 vol %
Upper explosion limit	:	10.9 vol %
Flash point	:	Not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not applicable
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available
pH	:	Not available
Viscosity, kinematic	:	Not available
Solubility	:	Slightly soluble.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	:	Not available
Vapour pressure	:	3500 hPa
Vapour pressure at 50°C	:	Not available
Density	:	0.9 g/cm³
Relative density	:	Not available
Relative vapour density at 20°C	:	Not available
Particle characteristics	:	Not applicable

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

% of flammable ingredients : < 90 %

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

No additional information available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions of use.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Prevent build-up of electrostatic charges (e.g, by grounding).

10.5. Incompatible materials

No contact with: strong acids, strong bases and strong oxidants.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. Thermal decomposition may produce : Carbon monoxide. Other toxic gases.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

xylene (1330-20-7)	
LD50 oral rat	3523 mg/kg rat
LD50 dermal rabbit	12126 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Animal sex: male
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	27124 mg/l

titanium dioxide; [in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm] (13463-67-7)	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Dust/Mist)	> 6.82 mg/l Source: ECHA

n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)	
LD50 oral rat	12.2 ml/kg Source: ECHA
LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Vapours)	> 4.9 mg/l Source: ECHA

butane (106-97-8)	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	> 800000 ppm Source: ECHA

butanone; ethyl methyl ketone (78-93-3)	
LD50 oral rat	2193 mg/kg Source: ECHA
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 10 mg/kg Source: ECHA
LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Vapours)	32 mg/l Source: RTECS

Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	
LD50 dermal rat	2800 – 3100 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Remarks on results: other:
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 23.3 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 3160 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 6193 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity), Remarks on results: other:

rosin; colophony (8050-09-7)	
LD50 oral rat	7800 mg/kg Source: IUCLID
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity), Guideline: EU Method B.3 (Acute Toxicity (Dermal))
LD50 dermal rabbit	2500 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	2.3 mg/l

hydrocarbons, C7-C9, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	
LD50 dermal rat	2800 – 3100 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Remarks on results: other:
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 23.3 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)

Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified. (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

titanium dioxide; [in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm] (13463-67-7)	
pH	7 Source: ECHA

n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)	
pH	6.2 Temp.: 20 °C Concentration: 5,3 g/L

Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye irritation.

titanium dioxide; [in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm] (13463-67-7)	
pH	7 Source: ECHA

n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)	
pH	6.2 Temp.: 20 °C Concentration: 5,3 g/L

Respiratory or skin sensitisation : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

Carcinogenicity : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

titanium dioxide; [in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm] (13463-67-7)	
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

STOT-single exposure : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

butanone; ethyl methyl ketone (78-93-3)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane	
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

hydrocarbons, C7-C9, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT-repeated exposure : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

xylene (1330-20-7)	
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	150 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents), Guideline: EPA OPP 82-1 (90-Day Oral Toxicity)

n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)	
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	500 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: EPA OTS 798.2650 (90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	125 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: EPA OTS 798.2650 (90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)

Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	
LOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days)	16.6 mg/l air Animal: rat, Animal sex: male
NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days)	3.3 mg/l air Animal: rat, Animal sex: male

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	600 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)

hydrocarbons, C7-C9, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	
NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days)	24.3 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 413 (Subchronic Inhalation Toxicity: 90-Day Study)

Aspiration hazard : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

ANTIGRAVEL MS WHITE	
Vaporizer	Aerosol

n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)	
Viscosity, kinematic	0.83 mm²/s Temp.: '20°C' Parameter: 'kinematic viscosity (in mm²/s)'

butanone; ethyl methyl ketone (78-93-3)	
Viscosity, kinematic	0.494 mm²/s

Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	
Viscosity, kinematic	0.67 mm²/s Temp.: '20°C' Parameter: 'kinematic viscosity (in mm²/s)'

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane	
Viscosity, kinematic	0.46 mm²/s Temp.: '20°C' Parameter: 'kinematic viscosity (in mm²/s)'

hydrocarbons, C7-C9, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	
Viscosity, kinematic	0.715 – 0.786 mm²/s Temp.: 'other:' Parameter: 'kinematic viscosity (in mm²/s)'

11.2. Information on other hazards

No additional information available

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short–term (acute) : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long–term (chronic) : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Not rapidly degradable

xylene (1330-20-7)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	2.6 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 3.4 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ceriodaphnia dubia
NOEC chronic fish	> 1.3 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri) Duration: '56 d'

titanium dioxide; [in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm] (13463-67-7)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	> 100 mg/l
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	> 50 mg/l Source: ECHA

n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	18 mg/l Source: ECHA
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	44 mg/l Source: ECHA
EC50 - Other aquatic organisms [1]	32 mg/l Test organisms (species): Artemia salina
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	674.7 mg/l Test organisms (species): Desmodesmus subspicatus (previous name: Scenedesmus subspicatus)
EC50 72h - Algae [2]	246 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (previous names: Raphidocelis subcapitata, Selenastrum capricornutum)
LOEC (chronic)	47.6 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
NOEC (chronic)	23.2 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'

butane (106-97-8)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	27.98 mg/l Source: QSAR
EC50 96h - Algae [1]	16.47 mg/l Source: QSAR

butanone; ethyl methyl ketone (78-93-3)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	2993 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pimephales promelas
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	308 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	1972 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (previous names: Raphidocelis subcapitata, Selenastrum capricornutum)
EC50 96h - Algae [1]	2029 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (previous names: Raphidocelis subcapitata, Selenastrum capricornutum)

Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	
LOEC (chronic)	0.32 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
NOEC (chronic)	0.17 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	0.42 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (previous names: Raphidocelis subcapitata, Selenastrum capricornutum)
EC50 72h - Algae [2]	0.29 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (previous names: Raphidocelis subcapitata, Selenastrum capricornutum)

rosin; colophony (8050-09-7)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	5.4 mg/l Test organisms (species): Danio rerio (previous name: Brachydanio rerio)
LC50 - Fish [2]	5.4 mg/l Test organisms (species):
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	4.5 mg/l

hydrocarbons, C7-C9, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	
LOEC (chronic)	0.32 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
NOEC (chronic)	0.17 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'

12.2. Persistence and degradability

No additional information available

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	1.78 Source: HSDB

butane (106-97-8)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	2.89 Source: ICSC

butanone; ethyl methyl ketone (78-93-3)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	0.29 Source: ICSC

12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No additional information available

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No additional information available

12.7. Other adverse effects

No additional information available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Regional legislation (waste) : Disposal must be done according to official regulations.
Waste treatment methods : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector’s sorting instructions.
Sewage disposal recommendations : Do not discharge into drains.

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations	:	This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Do not dispose of with domestic waste. After cleaning, recycle or dispose of at an authorised site.
Additional information	:	Flammable vapours may accumulate in the container.
European List of Waste (LoW) code	:	08 01 11* - waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances 15 01 10* - packaging containing residues of or contaminated by dangerous substances

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with ADR / IMDG / IATA

ADR	IMDG	IATA
14.1. UN number or ID number		
UN 1950	UN 1950	UN 1950
14.2. UN proper shipping name		
AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	Aerosols, flammable
Transport document description		
UN 1950 AEROSOLS, 2.1, (D)	UN 1950 AEROSOLS, 2.1	UN 1950 Aerosols, flammable, 2.1
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)		
2.1	2.1	2.1
		
14.4. Packing group		
Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
14.5. Environmental hazards		
Dangerous for the environment: No	Dangerous for the environment: No Marine pollutant: No	Dangerous for the environment: No
No supplementary information available		

14.6. Special precautions for user

Overland transport

Classification code (ADR)	:	5F
Limited quantities (ADR)	:	1l
Special packing provisions (ADR)	:	PP87, RR6, L2
Mixed packing provisions (ADR)	:	MP9
Transport category (ADR)	:	2
Special provisions for carriage - Packages (ADR)	:	V14
Tunnel restriction code (ADR)	:	D

Transport by sea

Special provisions (IMDG)	:	63, 190, 277, 327, 344, 381, 959
Limited quantities (IMDG)	:	SP277
Special packing provisions (IMDG)	:	PP87, L2
EmS-No. (Fire)	:	F-D
EmS-No. (Spillage)	:	S-U
Stowage category (IMDG)	:	None
Stowage and handling (IMDG)	:	SW1, SW22
Segregation (IMDG)	:	SG69

Air transport
No data available

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

15.1.1. EU-Regulations

REACH Annex XVII (Restriction List)

Contains no substance(s) listed on REACH Annex XVII (Restriction Conditions)

REACH Annex XIV (Authorisation List)

Contains no substance(s) listed on REACH Annex XIV (Authorisation List)

REACH Candidate List (SVHC)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the REACH Candidate List

PIC Regulation (Prior Informed Consent)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the PIC list (Regulation EU 649/2012 concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals)

POP Regulation (Persistent Organic Pollutants)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the POP list (Regulation EU 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants)

Ozone Regulation (1005/2009)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Ozone Depletion list (Regulation EU 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer)

Explosives Precursors Regulation (2019/1148)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Explosives Precursors list (Regulation EU 2019/1148 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors)

Drug Precursors Regulation (273/2004)

Contains substance(s) listed on the Drug Precursors list (Regulation EC 273/2004 on the manufacture and the placing on market of certain substances used in the illicit manufacture of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances)

Name	CN designation	CAS-No.	CN code	Category	Threshold	Annex
Methylethylketone	Butanone	78-93-3	2914 12 00	Category 3		Annex I

15.1.2. National regulations

No additional information available

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes:
SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878.

Abbreviations and acronyms:	
ADN	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways
ADR	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
BLV	Biological limit value

Abbreviations and acronyms:	
BOD	Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)
COD	Chemical oxygen demand (COD)
DMEL	Derived Minimal Effect level
DNEL	Derived-No Effect Level
EC-No.	European Community number
EC50	Median effective concentration
EN	European Standard
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LC50	Median lethal concentration
LD50	Median lethal dose
LOAEL	Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOAEC	No-Observed Adverse Effect Concentration
NOAEL	No-Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOEC	No-Observed Effect Concentration
OECD	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
OEL	Occupational Exposure Limit
PBT	Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
RID	Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
SDS	Safety Data Sheet
STP	Sewage treatment plant
ThOD	Theoretical oxygen demand (ThOD)
TLM	Median Tolerance Limit
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
CAS-No.	Chemical Abstract Service number
N.O.S.	Not Otherwise Specified
vPvB	Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
ED	Endocrine disrupting properties

Data sources : ECHA (European Chemicals Agency).

Training advice : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

Full text of H- and EUH-statements:	
Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation)	Acute toxicity (inhal.), Category 4
Aerosol 1	Aerosol, Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Chronic Hazard, Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Chronic Hazard, Category 3

Full text of H- and EUH-statements:	
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, Category 1
Carc. 2	Carcinogenicity, Category 2
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
EUH211	Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.
Eye Irrit. 2	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2
Flam. Gas 1	Flammable gases, Category 1
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquids, Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquids, Category 3
H220	Extremely flammable gas.
H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H229	Pressurised container: May burst if heated.
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Press. Gas (Comp.)	Gases under pressure : Compressed gas
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitisation, Category 1
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity – Single exposure, Category 3, Narcosis

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:		
Aerosol 1	H222;H229	On basis of test data
Eye Irrit. 2	H319	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1	H317	Calculation method
STOT SE 3	H336	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3	H412	Calculation method

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), EU

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.